The Tongue Is a Fire

3:1 ^aLET not many of you become teachers, ^bmy brethren, knowing that as such we shall incur a ¹stricter judgment. 2 For we all ^astumble in many ways. ^bIf anyone does not stumble in ¹ what he says, he is a ^cperfect man, able to ^dbridle the whole body as well. 3 Now ^aif we put the bits into the horses' mouths so that they may obey us, we direct their entire body as well. 4 Behold, the ships also, though they are so great and are driven by strong winds, are still directed by a very small rudder, wherever the inclination of the pilot desires. 5 So also the tongue is a small part of the body, and yet it aboasts of great things. ^bBehold, how great a forest is set aflame by such a small fire! 6 And ^athe tongue is a fire, the very world of iniquity; the tongue is set among our members as that which bdefiles the entire body, and sets on fire the course of our ¹ life, and is set on fire by ² chell. 7 For every ¹ species of beasts and birds, of reptiles and creatures of the sea, is tamed, and has been tamed by the human ¹race. 8 But no one can tame the tongue; it is a restless evil and full of adeadly poison. 9 With it we bless our Lord and Father; and with it we curse men, bwho have been made in the likeness of God; 10 from the same mouth come both blessing and cursing. My brethren, these things ought not to be this way. 11 Does a fountain send out from the same opening both ¹ fresh and bitter water? 12 ^aCan a fig tree, my brethren, produce olives, or a vine produce figs? Neither can salt water produce ¹fresh.

Wisdom from Above

13 Who among you is wise and understanding? ^aLet him show by his ^bgood behavior his deeds in the gentleness of wisdom. 14 But if you have bitter ^ajealousy and ¹ selfish ambition in your heart, do not be arrogant and *so* lie against ^bthe truth. 15 This wisdom is not that which comes down ^afrom above, but is ^bearthly, ¹ cnatural, ^ddemonic. 16 For where ^ajealousy and ¹ selfish ambition exist, there is disorder and every evil thing. 17 But the wisdom ^afrom above is first ^bpure, then ^cpeaceable, ^dgentle, ¹ reasonable, ^efull of mercy and good fruits, ^funwavering, without ^ghypocrisy. 18 And the ¹ ^aseed whose fruit is righteousness is sown in peace ² by those who make peace.

^a Matt. 23:8; Rom. 2:20f.; 1 Tim. 1:7

^b James 1:16; 3:10

¹ Or, greater condemnation

^a James 2:10

^b Matt. 12:34-37; James 3:2-12

¹ Lit., word

^c James 1:4

^d James 1:26

^a Ps. 32:9

^a Ps. 12:3f.; 73:8f.

^b Prov. 26:20f.

^a Ps. 120:2, 3; Prov. 16:27

^b Matt. 12:36f.: 15:11, 18f.

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<sup>1</sup> Or, existence, origin
<sup>2</sup> Gr., Gehenna
<sup>c</sup> Matt. 5:22
<sup>1</sup> Lit., nature
<sup>1</sup> Lit., nature
<sup>a</sup> Ps. 140:3; Eccl. 10:11; Rom. 3:13
<sup>a</sup> James 1:27
<sup>b</sup> Gen. 1:26; 1 Cor. 11:7
<sup>1</sup> Lit., sweet
<sup>a</sup> Matt. 7:16
<sup>1</sup> V. 11, note 1
<sup>a</sup> James 2:18
<sup>b</sup> 1 Pet. 2:12
<sup>a</sup> Rom. 2:8; 2 Cor. 12:20; James 3:16
<sup>1</sup> Or, strife
<sup>b</sup> 1 Tim. 2:4; James 1:18; 5:19
<sup>a</sup> James 1:17
<sup>b</sup> 1 Cor. 2:6; 3:19
<sup>1</sup> Or, unspiritual
<sup>c</sup> 2 Cor. 1:12; Jude 19
<sup>d</sup> 2 Thess. 2:9f.; 1 Tim. 4:1; Rev. 2:24
<sup>a</sup> Rom. 2:8; 2 Cor. 12:20; James 3:14
<sup>1</sup> V. 14, note 1
<sup>a</sup> James 1:17
<sup>b</sup> 2 Cor. 7:11; James 4:8
<sup>c</sup> Matt. 5:9; Heb. 12:11
<sup>d</sup> Titus 3:2
<sup>1</sup> Or, willing to yield
<sup>e</sup> Luke 6:36; James 2:13
f James 2:4
<sup>g</sup> Rom. 12:9; 2 Cor. 6:6
<sup>1</sup> Lit., fruit of righteousness
<sup>a</sup> Prov. 11:18; Is. 32:17; Hos. 10:12; Amos 6:12; Gal. 6:8; Phil. 1:11
<sup>i</sup>The New American Standard Bible, (La Habra, California: The Lockman Foundation)
1977.
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